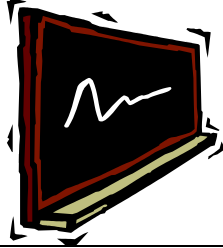
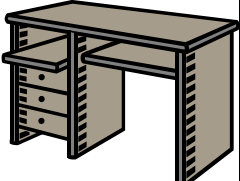












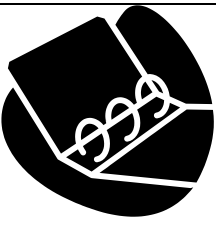
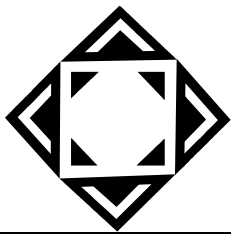



REVISIO PRIMA : RES SCHOLARES

DECLINATIO I

1 	2  (- scriptoriā)	3 	4 	5 
tabŭla, ae, f.	mensa, ae, f.	sella, ae, f.	charta, ae, f.	theca, ae, f.
6 	7 	8 Α ΒΓΔΕΖΗ ΘΙΚΛ ΜΝΞΟΠΡΣ Τ ΥΦΧΨ Ω	9 	10 <i>Dominus Rimbault est magister noster Latinae linguae.</i>
creta, ae, f.	fenestra, ae, f.	littera, ae, f.	regŭla, ae, f.	sententiā, ae, f.

DECLINATIO II

11 II X IV XX III L C	12 	13 	14  a (- sphaerātus)  b (- plumbātus)	15 
numĕrus, i, m.	liber, libri, m.	codicillus, l, m.	stilus, i, m.	saccus, i, m.
16 	17 	18 	19 Rimbault numerus liber codicillus stilus hic quid, cet.	20 
graphĭum, ii, n.	collectorĭum, ii, n.	quadrātum, i, n.	vocabŭlum, i, n.	ostĭum, ii, n.

Quid est hoc ? (qu'est-ce que c'est ?)

HIC, HAEC, HOC (= ceci)	feminĭnum	masculĭnum	neutrum
singulāris	Haec (... est...)	Hĭc (... est...)	Hōc (... est...)
plurālis	Hae (... sunt...)	Hī (... sunt...)	Haec (... sunt...)